



# **CHEMISTRY NMDCAT**

(UNIT-1)

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SAEED MDCAT

03418729745(WhatsApp Groups)

TOPIC	S				
✓	INTRODUCTION TO	FUNDAMENTAL CO	ONCEPTS OF CHEMISTRY		
Q.1	72g of glucose contai	g of glucose contains how many moles of glucose			
_	a. 0.2		b. 0.6		
	c. 0.4		d. 0.5		
<b>Q.2</b>	The number of molecules in 8.96 dm <sup>3</sup> of a gas at 0°C and 1 atm pressure is?				
	a. $6.02 \times 10^{23}$		b. $2.408 \times 10^{24}$		
	c. $1.204 \times 10^{24}$		d. $2.408 \times 10^{23}$		
Q.3	When 0.5 mole of sulphuric acid is dissolved in aqueous solution how many moles				
	of –ve and +ve ions are collected altogether (assuming complete dissociation)				
	a. 0.5		b. 1.0		
	c. 1.5		d. 2.0		
<b>Q.4</b>	How many moles of neutron are present in 1 mole of water?				
	a. 18		b. 10		
	c. 8		d. 20		
Q.5	Which of following h	as min <mark>imum numbe</mark>	<mark>r of par</mark> ticles		
	a. 1 g of Na		b. 1 g of K		
	c. 1 g of $H_2$		d. 1 g of $N_2$		
Q.6			he mass of chlorine 35.5 amu?		
	a. Relative atomic ma		b. Fractional atomic mass		
	c. Average atomic ma		d. All of these		
Q.7	Avogadro's number	is the number <mark>of mo</mark> l			
	a. 1 dm <sup>3</sup> of molecule		b. 1 g of formula mass		
	c. 1 g molecule		d. 1 g of atom		
Q.8	CH <sub>3</sub> O is the empirical	al formula of			
	a. $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$		b. CH <sub>2</sub> (OH)CH <sub>2</sub> (OH)		
0.0	b. CH <sub>3</sub> COOH		d. CH₃CHO		
Q.9	An atom of Mg is six	times heavier than_	atom		
	a. H		b. Ne		
O 10	c. He	J- 41	d. Li		
Q.10	a. NaCl	owing compounds, ir	ne term empirical formula can be applied		
	c. CCl <sub>4</sub>		b. H <sub>2</sub> O d. All of these		
O 11		na hac cama numbar			
Q.11	a. 12g of C	ng nas same number	of atoms as in 1.2g of graphite? b. 11g of Na		
	c. 3g of diamond		d. 2.4g of Mg		
Q.12	0	vrganie compounds a	of the combustion analysis that is absorbed		
Q.12	in 50% KOH	ngame compounds a	irter combustion analysis that is absorbed		
	a. CO <sub>2</sub>	$S \cap F = F \cap F$	b. O <sub>2</sub>		
	c. H <sub>2</sub> O		d. CO		
Q.13	24g of organic compound is burnt in excess of O <sub>2</sub> , 1.1g CO <sub>2</sub> is produced. The				
Q.13	percentage of C in this compound is				
	a. 2.5%	- Josepoullu 15	b. 1.25%		
	c. 12.5%		d. 6.25%'		
Q.14	For stoichiometry ca	lculations, we have t			
£	a. Mass of reactant is less than mass of products				





	b. All the reactants are completely converted into products				
	c. Side reactions occur				
	d. Reaction is reversible				
Q.15	0.5 mole of H <sub>2</sub> O is formed when 1g H <sub>2</sub> re	eacts with g of O <sub>2</sub>			
	a. 32	b. 8			
	c. 4	d. 16			
Q.16	Total number of electrons present in 3.4	g OH are			
	a. 9 N <sub>A</sub>	b. 20 N <sub>A</sub>			
	c. 1 N <sub>A</sub>	d. 2 N <sub>A</sub>			
Q.17	The mass of carbon used in determining	the %age of carbon from CO <sub>2</sub> in the			
	combustion analysis of organic compound is				
	a. 44	b. 13			
	c. 12	d. 14			
Q.18	Minimum number of molecules will be in				
	a. 0.1g of H <sub>2</sub>	b. 1.6g of O <sub>2</sub>			
	c. 0.7g of N <sub>2</sub>	d. 4.4g of CO <sub>2</sub>			
Q.19	Which of the following is an element as v				
	a. Distilled water	b. Sodi <mark>um metal</mark>			
	c. Helium gas	d. Sea water			
Q.20	7.0g of gas occupies 5.6 dm <sup>3</sup> at S.T.P, the				
	a. CO	b. NO			
0.01	c. CO <sub>2</sub>	d. N <sub>2</sub> O			
Q.21	A gas mixture contains O <sub>2</sub> and N <sub>2</sub> in the ratio 1:4 by weight. Then the ratio of their				
	number of molecules in the mixture is				
	a. 1:32	b. 1:4			
0.22	c. 7:32	d. 3:16			
Q.22	The value of 'n' in determining molecular formula is obtained from the relation				
	a. n= molar mass/atomic mass				
	b. n= empirical mass/molar mass				
	c. n= molar mass/empirical formula mass d. Cannot be determined				
0.23	The number of molecules in one gram m	alocula of a substance is			
Q.23	a. N <sub>A</sub> of atoms	b. N <sub>A</sub> of ions			
	c. N <sub>A</sub> of molecules	d. N <sub>A</sub> of formula unit			
Q.24		ants and products in a balanced chemical			
Q.24	equation is known as	ints and products in a balanced chemical			
	a. Stoichiometry	b. Spectrometry			
	c. Titrimetry	d. Chromatography			
Q.25	A chemist is more interested about	to express the efficiency of a			
2.20	chemical process				
	a. Theoretical yield	b. Percentage yield			
	c. Actual yield	d. Non-limiting reactant			
Q.26	The law of conservation of mass and law of definite proportions are obeyed while				
	doing calculation of	ALLEAN			
	a. Limiting reactant	b. Stoichiometry			
	c. Theoretical yield	d. All of these			
Q.27	Total ions in 4 formula units of CaCl <sub>2</sub> is	equal to the number of			
	a. Electrons in Neon	b. Protons in carbon atom			
	c. Nucleons in sodium atom	d. Protons in magnesium atom			
Q.28	There are different steps in determining the empirical formula				
	Step 1. Calculating the number of gram atoms				
	Step 2. Determining the atomic ratio				
	Step 3. Determining the percentage composition				
	What is correct sequence of the above steps				
	a. 1, 2, 3	b. 3, 2, 1			
	c. 2, 1, 3	d. 3, 1, 2			





Q.29					
	a. $6.02 \times 10^{23}$	b. $3.01 \times 10^{23}$			
	c. $1.5 \times 10^{23}$	d. $6.02 \times 10^{22}$			
Q.30	The simplest formula of a compound containing 50% element $X$ (At. $wt = 20$ ) and				
	50% of element Y (At. Wt = $10$ )				
	a. XY	b. XY <sub>2</sub>			
0.21	c. X <sub>2</sub> Y	d. X <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>2</sub>			
Q.31	Select the suitable term about 7				
	a. 1g atom	b. 1g ion			
0.22	c. 1g formula unit	d. 1g molecule			
Q.32	What is volume occupied by 4.4				
	a. 22.414 cm <sup>3</sup>	b. 2241.4 cm <sup>3</sup>			
	c. 2.2414 cm <sup>3</sup>	d. 11.207 cm <sup>3</sup>			
Q.33	5600 cm <sup>3</sup> of oxygen gas is collected at STP from Hydrilla plant by photosynthesis.				
	The mass of oxygen gas produc				
	a. 32g	b. 16g			
	c. 8g	d. 4g			
Q.34	3N <sub>A</sub> number of ionizable H <sup>+</sup> are				
	a. H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	b. H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>			
	c. (COOH) <sub>2</sub>	d. CH₃COOH			
Q.35	Which is the mass of CaCO <sub>3</sub> wl	hich on h <mark>eating produces</mark> 0.25 moles of carbon			
	dioxide gas				
	a. 12.5g	b. 50g			
	c. 25g	d. 100g			
Q.36	Determine the number of moles	s of hydrogen atoms in 18g of C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>6</sub>			
	a. 0.6 mole	b. 0.1 mole			
	c. 0.2 mole	d. 1.2 mole			
Q.37	How much oxygen is required t	to react completely with 81g of Al to form alumina			
	a. 24g	b. 48g			
	c. 72g	d. 96g			
Q.38	<b>Total number of oxygen atoms</b>	C C			
	a. 0.5 N <sub>A</sub>	b. 1.0 NA			
	c. 3.0 N <sub>A</sub>	d. 2.0 N <sub>A</sub>			
Q.39		and is completely burnt in excess of oxygen which			
<b>C</b> 121	compound produces exactly four moles of water?				
	a. Butane	b. Ethane			
	c. Ethanol	d. Propane			
Q.40		s react completely to produce H <sub>2</sub> O, what is non-			
2		limiting reactant?			
	a. Hydrogen	b. Water			
	c. Oxygen	d. Both are consumed completely			
Q.41	The number of carbon atoms in				
Q.41	a. 6×N <sub>A</sub>	b. 3×N <sub>A</sub>			
	c. $1.5 \times N_A$	d. $0.25 \times N_A$			
0.42					
Q.42	Volume of nitric oxide gas produced by the following reactions of 14g $N_2$ with excess				
	of oxygen is $N_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)} = \frac{300^{\circ} C}{}$	$ ightarrow 2\mathrm{NO}_{(\mathbf{g})}$			
	a. 22.4dm <sup>3</sup>	b. 5.6dm <sup>3</sup>			
	c. 11.2dm <sup>3</sup>	d. 2.8dm <sup>3</sup>			
Q.43	Haemoglobin molecule is	times heavier than $H_2$			
_	a. 17, 000	b. 68, 000			
	c. 8500	d. 34,000			
Q.44	2.8g of N <sub>2</sub> molecules contain nu	·			
~	<u> </u>				





a.	$6.02 \times 10^{22}$
c.	$1.8 \times 10^{23}$

b.  $1.204 \times 10^{23}$ d.  $1.8 \times 10^{22}$ 

### Q.45 The statement which is incorrect about stoichiometric calculation

- a. All reactants are converted into products
- b. No side reaction occurs
- c. Law of conservation of mass and law of definite proportion are obeyed
- d. Reactions may be reversible

# Q.46 How many number of electrons are present in 4.2g of azide ion $(N_3^-)$

a. 2.1 N<sub>A</sub>

b. 2.2 N<sub>A</sub>

c. 21 N<sub>A</sub>

d. 22 N<sub>A</sub>

### Q.47 23g of sodium and 24g of magnesium have equal \_\_\_\_\_ in them

a. Mass

b. Number of protons

c. Number of atoms

d. All of these

### Q.48 4g of CH<sub>4</sub> at 0°C and 1 atm pressure contains number of carbon atoms

a.  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$ 

b.  $3.01 \times 10^{23}$ 

c.  $1.5 \times 10^{23}$ 

- d.  $1.5 \times 10^{22}$
- Q.49 Hydrogen burns in chlorine to produce hydrogen chloride.

$$H_2 + C\ell_2 \longrightarrow 2HC\ell$$

# The ratio of masses of reactants in chemical reaction is

a. 2:35.5

b. 2:17

c. 1:71

d. 1:35.5

# Q.50 Which one will produce largest number of negatively charged ions in case of 100% dissociation of 1 mole

a. AlCl<sub>3</sub>

b. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

c. NaOH

d. ZnCl<sub>2</sub>

# Q.51 An acid with molecular mass 104 contain 34.6% C, 3.85% H and rest is O. The molecular formula of acid is

a. C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

b. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

c. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O

 $d. C_2HO_2$ 

# Q.52 The total number of atoms in 9g of water are

a.  $3.01 \times 10^{23}$ 

b.  $4.51 \times 10^{23}$ 

c.  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$ 

d.  $9.03 \times 10^{23}$ 

### Q.53 A pair that have same number of molecules

a. 32g O<sub>2</sub> and 32g N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>

b. 34g H<sub>2</sub>S and 34g N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>

c. 30g N<sub>2</sub> and 30g C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>

d. 44g CO<sub>2</sub> and 44g CS<sub>2</sub>

# Q.54 One mole of which of the following will have different number of electrons than others a. $Na^{+1}$ b. $H_2O$

c. NH<sub>3</sub>

d. CO<sup>+1</sup>

# Q.55 $\,$ 21g of CaO is obtained by roasting 50g CaCO<sub>3</sub>. What is the percentage yield of CaO?

a. 25%

b. 50%

c. 75%

d. 60%

### Q.56 The number of moles of KMnO<sub>4</sub> that contain 1 mole of oxygen atom

a. 2 moles

b. 0.5 moles

c. 0.25 moles

d. 1.5 moles

# Q.57 Elemental analysis is performed to determine

- a. Molar mass of the compound
- b. Structural formula of a compound
- c. Empirical formula of a compound
- d. Mass of halogen present in a compound

# Q.58 Hydrogen and oxygen have same at STP

- a. Gram molecular weight
- b. Protons in the molecules
- c. Gram molecular volume
- d. Electrons in the valence shell

### Q.59 Which one is incorrect relation at STP

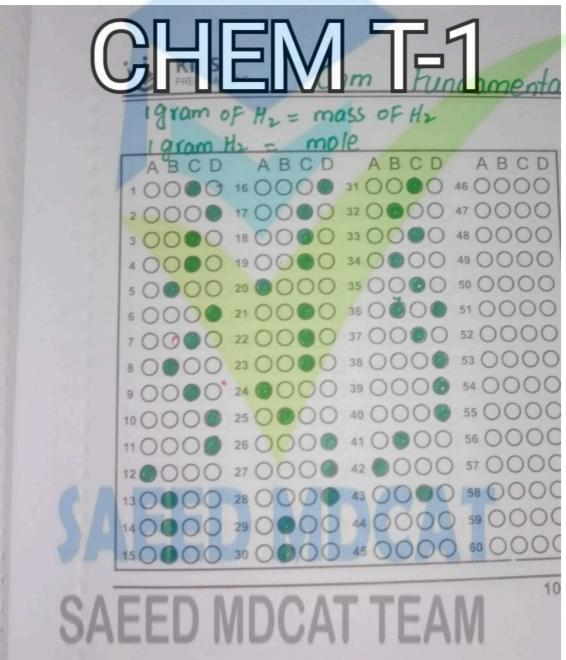
- a. 6g of carbon =  $3.01 \times 10^{23}$  atoms
- b.  $11.2 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ of } CO_2 = 3.01 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules}$
- c. 49 g of  $H_2SO_4 = 4$  moles of atoms
- d. 1 mole of sucrose = 45 moles of atoms





Q.60 1.97g of gold was recovered from thief. How many atoms of gold were recovered (Au = 197g/mol)

a.  $6.02 \times 10^{25}$ c.  $6.02 \times 10^{22}$  b.  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$ d.  $6.02 \times 10^{21}$ 



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